



**9 Series**  
Final level of protection in electrical distribution

# M9/Multi 9

Multistandard protection for OEMs,  
residential and industry



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# M9/Multi9

## Modular protection for OEMs, residential and industry

M9 (the same legendary Multi9™ by Schneider Electric) is a range of DIN rail modular devices, a solution offering great performance, M9 (Multi9) is a Spectre Electric offer dedicated to OEMs and all residential and industrial sectors, meeting the major standards for industry applications.

Designed to meet your needs for most types of panels and machines, offering a wide range of modular devices, it provides protection, signaling functions and accessories.



# Miniature circuit breakers

IEC/EN 60947-2: 10 kA, IEC 60898: 6000 A  
C60N - B and C curves



**Schneider** | **spectre**



C60N 1P



C60N 2P



C60N 3P



C60N 4P

## Function

- The circuit-breakers combine the following functions:
  - protection of circuits against short-circuit currents
  - protection of circuit against overload currents
  - control
  - isolation

C60N circuit breaker are used in the tertiary and industrial sectors.

## Tripping curves

### B curve

When the short-circuit currents are weak (generators, long cables).

- Power circuit:
  - ratings: 2 to 63 A set at 30 °C
  - tripping curve: the magnetic trip units operate between 3 and 5 In.

### C curve

Cables feeding conventional loads.

- Power circuit:
  - ratings: 2 to 63 A set at 30 °C
  - tripping curve: the magnetic trip units operate between 5 and 10 In.

## Technical data according to IEC 60898

- Power circuit:
  - voltage rating (Ue): 230...400 V AC
  - breaking capacity:
    - according to IEC 60898, Icn rated short-circuit capacity (O-CO cycle):

Rating (A)	Type	Voltage	Breaking capacity Icn (A)	Service breaking capacity (Ics)
2...63	1P	230/400	6000	100% of Icn
	2P, 3P, 4P	400	6000	100% of Icn

- limitation class: 3.

## Technical data according to IEC 60947-2

- Power circuit:
  - voltage rating (Ue): 240...440 V AC / 12...240 V DC
  - impulse voltage (Uimp): 6 kV
  - insulation voltage (Ui): 500 V AC
  - breaking capacity:
    - according to IEC 60947-2, Icu ultimate breaking capacity (O-CO cycle):

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)			
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	240 V	415 V	-	440 V
Ph/N (1P)	-	240 V	415 V	-
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	20 kA	10 kA	3 kA <sup>(*)</sup>	6 kA
i <sub>IT</sub>	1.2 x 12 In			75% of Icu

(\*) Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT isolated neutral system (case of double fault).

### Direct current (DC)

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)			
Between +/-	≤60 V	≤125 V	≤125 V	≤250 V
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	15 kA	20 kA	30 kA	40 kA

## General technical data

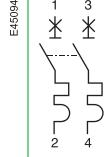
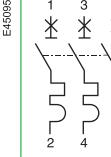
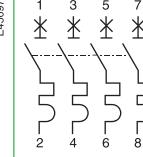
- Fast closing: allows the high inrush currents of some loads to be better held.
- Isolation with positive break indication: opening is indicated by a green strip on the device operating handle. This indicator shows opening contacts of all the poles.

# Miniature circuit breakers

IEC/EN 60947-2: 10 kA, IEC 60898: 6000 A  
C60N - B and C curves (cont.)

**spectre**

## Catalog numbers

C60N circuit breaker								Spectre Electric
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P				
	 E45092	 E45094	 E45095	 E45097				
Rating (In)	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C
2 A	<b>24046-SE</b> M9F10102	<b>24396-SE</b> M9F11102	<b>24072-SE</b> M9F10202	<b>24332-SE</b> M9F11202	<b>24085-SE</b> M9F10302	<b>24345-SE</b> M9F11302	<b>24098-SE</b> M9F10402	<b>24358-SE</b> M9F11402
4 A	<b>24048-SE</b> M9F10104	<b>24398-SE</b> M9F11104	<b>24074-SE</b> M9F10204	<b>24334-SE</b> M9F11204	<b>24087-SE</b> M9F10304	<b>24347-SE</b> M9F11304	<b>24100-SE</b> M9F10404	<b>24360-SE</b> M9F11404
6 A	<b>24049-SE</b> M9F10106	<b>24399-SE</b> M9F11106	<b>24075-SE</b> M9F10206	<b>24335-SE</b> M9F11206	<b>24088-SE</b> M9F10306	<b>24348-SE</b> M9F11306	<b>24101-SE</b> M9F10406	<b>24361-SE</b> M9F11406
10 A	<b>24050-SE</b> M9F10110	<b>24401-SE</b> M9F11110	<b>24076-SE</b> M9F10210	<b>24336-SE</b> M9F11210	<b>24089-SE</b> M9F10310	<b>24349-SE</b> M9F11310	<b>24102-SE</b> M9F10410	<b>24362-SE</b> M9F11410
16 A	<b>24051-SE</b> M9F10116	<b>24403-SE</b> M9F11116	<b>24077-SE</b> M9F10216	<b>24337-SE</b> M9F11216	<b>24090-SE</b> M9F10316	<b>24350-SE</b> M9F11316	<b>24103-SE</b> M9F10416	<b>24363-SE</b> M9F11416
20 A	<b>24052-SE</b> M9F10120	<b>24404-SE</b> M9F11120	<b>24078-SE</b> M9F10220	<b>24338-SE</b> M9F11220	<b>24091-SE</b> M9F10320	<b>24351-SE</b> M9F11320	<b>24104-SE</b> M9F10420	<b>24364-SE</b> M9F11420
25 A	<b>24053-SE</b> M9F10125	<b>24405-SE</b> M9F11125	<b>24079-SE</b> M9F10225	<b>24339-SE</b> M9F11225	<b>24092-SE</b> M9F10325	<b>24352-SE</b> M9F11325	<b>24105-SE</b> M9F10425	<b>24365-SE</b> M9F11425
32 A	<b>24054-SE</b> M9F10132	<b>24406-SE</b> M9F11132	<b>24080-SE</b> M9F10232	<b>24340-SE</b> M9F11232	<b>24093-SE</b> M9F10332	<b>24353-SE</b> M9F11332	<b>24106-SE</b> M9F10432	<b>24366-SE</b> M9F11432
40 A	<b>24055-SE</b> M9F10140	<b>24407-SE</b> M9F11140	<b>24081-SE</b> M9F10240	<b>24341-SE</b> M9F11240	<b>24094-SE</b> M9F10340	<b>24354-SE</b> M9F11340	<b>24107-SE</b> M9F10440	<b>24367-SE</b> M9F11440
50 A	<b>24056-SE</b> M9F10150	<b>24408-SE</b> M9F11150	<b>24082-SE</b> M9F10250	<b>24342-SE</b> M9F11250	<b>24095-SE</b> M9F10350	<b>24355-SE</b> M9F11350	<b>24108-SE</b> M9F10450	<b>24368-SE</b> M9F11450
63 A	<b>24057-SE</b> M9F10163	<b>24409-SE</b> M9F11163	<b>24083-SE</b> M9F10263	<b>24343-SE</b> M9F11263	<b>24096-SE</b> M9F10363	<b>24356-SE</b> M9F11363	<b>24109-SE</b> M9F10463	<b>24369-SE</b> M9F11463

**Schneider**  
Electric

Schneider Electric								
Rating (In)	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	
2 A	<b>24046</b>	<b>24396</b>	<b>24072</b>	<b>24332</b>	<b>24085</b>	<b>24345</b>	<b>24098</b>	<b>24358</b>
4 A	<b>24048</b>	<b>24398</b>	<b>24074</b>	<b>24334</b>	<b>24087</b>	<b>24347</b>	<b>24100</b>	<b>24360</b>
6 A	<b>24049</b>	<b>24399</b>	<b>24075</b>	<b>24335</b>	<b>24088</b>	<b>24348</b>	<b>24101</b>	<b>24361</b>
10 A	<b>24050</b>	<b>24401</b>	<b>24076</b>	<b>24336</b>	<b>24089</b>	<b>24349</b>	<b>24102</b>	<b>24362</b>
16 A	<b>24051</b>	<b>24403</b>	<b>24077</b>	<b>24337</b>	<b>24090</b>	<b>24350</b>	<b>24103</b>	<b>24363</b>
20 A	<b>24052</b>	<b>24404</b>	<b>24078</b>	<b>24338</b>	<b>24091</b>	<b>24351</b>	<b>24104</b>	<b>24364</b>
25 A	<b>24053</b>	<b>24405</b>	<b>24079</b>	<b>24339</b>	<b>24092</b>	<b>24352</b>	<b>24105</b>	<b>24365</b>
32 A	<b>24054</b>	<b>24406</b>	<b>24080</b>	<b>24340</b>	<b>24093</b>	<b>24353</b>	<b>24106</b>	<b>24366</b>
40 A	<b>24055</b>	<b>24407</b>	<b>24081</b>	<b>24341</b>	<b>24094</b>	<b>24354</b>	<b>24107</b>	<b>24367</b>
50 A	<b>24056</b>	<b>24408</b>	<b>24082</b>	<b>24342</b>	<b>24095</b>	<b>24355</b>	<b>24108</b>	<b>24368</b>
63 A	<b>24057</b>	<b>24409</b>	<b>24083</b>	<b>24343</b>	<b>24096</b>	<b>24356</b>	<b>24109</b>	<b>24369</b>
width in 9-mm modules	2		4		6		8	

# Miniature circuit breakers

IEC/EN 60947-2: 15 kA, IEC 60898: 10000 A  
C60H - B and C curves



**Schneider** | **spectre**



C60H 1P



C60H 2P



C60H 3P



C60H 4P

## Function

- The circuit-breakers combine the following functions:
  - protection of circuits against short-circuit currents
  - protection of circuit against overload currents
  - control
  - isolation

C60H circuit breaker are used in the tertiary and industrial sectors.

## Tripping curves

### B curve

When the short-circuit currents are weak (generators, long cables).

- Power circuit:
  - ratings: 2 to 63 A set at 30 °C
  - tripping curve: the magnetic trip units operate between 3 and 5 In.

### C curve

Cables feeding conventional loads.

- Power circuit:
  - ratings: 2 to 63 A set at 30 °C
  - tripping curve: the magnetic trip units operate between 5 and 10 In.

## Technical data according to IEC 60898

- Power circuit:
  - voltage rating (Ue): 230...400 V AC
  - breaking capacity:
    - according to IEC 60898, Icn rated short-circuit capacity (O-CO cycle):

Rating (A)	Type	Voltage	Breaking capacity Icn (A)	Service breaking capacity (Ics)
2...63	1P	230/400	10000	75% of Icn
	2P, 3P, 4P	400	10000	75% of Icn

- limitation class: 3.

## Technical data according to IEC 60947-2

- Power circuit:
  - voltage rating (Ue): 240...440 V AC / 12...240 V DC
  - impulse voltage (Uimp): 6 kV
  - insulation voltage (Ui): 500 V AC
  - breaking capacity:
    - according to IEC 60947-2, Icu ultimate breaking capacity (O-CO cycle):

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)			
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	240 V	415 V	-	440 V
Ph/N (1P)	-	240 V	415 V	-
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	30 kA	15 kA	3 kA <sup>(*)</sup>	10 kA
$i_{IT}$	1.2 x 12 In			

(\*) Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT isolated neutral system (case of double fault).

### Direct current (DC)

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)			
Between +/-	≤60 V	≤125 V	≤125 V	≤250 V
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	20 kA	25 kA	40 kA	50 kA

## General technical data

- Fast closing: allows the high inrush currents of some loads to be better held.
- Isolation with positive break indication: opening is indicated by a green strip on the device operating handle. This indicator shows opening contacts of all the poles.

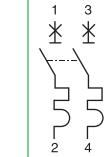
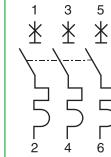
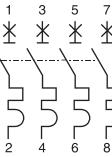
## Miniature circuit breakers

IEC/EN 60947-2: 15 kA, IEC 60898: 10000 A  
C60H - B and C curves (cont.)

### Catalog numbers

**spectre**

Spectre Electric

Type	1P	2P	3P	4P				
								
Rating (In)	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C		
2 A	<b>24640-SE</b> M9F13102	<b>24969-SE</b> M9F14102	<b>24722-SE</b> M9F13202	<b>24982-SE</b> M9F14202	<b>24735-SE</b> M9F13302	<b>24995-SE</b> M9F14302	<b>24748-SE</b> M9F13402	<b>25008-SE</b> M9F14402
4 A	<b>24642-SE</b> M9F13104	<b>24971-SE</b> M9F14104	<b>24724-SE</b> M9F13204	<b>24984-SE</b> M9F14204	<b>24737-SE</b> M9F13304	<b>24997-SE</b> M9F14304	<b>24750-SE</b> M9F13404	<b>25010-SE</b> M9F14404
6 A	<b>24643-SE</b> M9F13106	<b>24972-SE</b> M9F14106	<b>24725-SE</b> M9F13206	<b>24985-SE</b> M9F14206	<b>24738-SE</b> M9F13306	<b>24998-SE</b> M9F14306	<b>24751-SE</b> M9F13406	<b>25011-SE</b> M9F14406
10 A	<b>24644-SE</b> M9F13110	<b>24973-SE</b> M9F14110	<b>24726-SE</b> M9F13210	<b>24986-SE</b> M9F14210	<b>24739-SE</b> M9F13310	<b>24999-SE</b> M9F14310	<b>24752-SE</b> M9F13410	<b>25012-SE</b> M9F14410
16 A	<b>24646-SE</b> M9F13116	<b>24974-SE</b> M9F14116	<b>24727-SE</b> M9F13216	<b>24987-SE</b> M9F14216	<b>24740-SE</b> M9F13316	<b>25000-SE</b> M9F14316	<b>24753-SE</b> M9F13416	<b>25013-SE</b> M9F14416
20 A	<b>24647-SE</b> M9F13120	<b>24975-SE</b> M9F14120	<b>24728-SE</b> M9F13220	<b>24988-SE</b> M9F14220	<b>24741-SE</b> M9F13320	<b>25001-SE</b> M9F14320	<b>24754-SE</b> M9F13420	<b>25014-SE</b> M9F14420
25 A	<b>24648-SE</b> M9F13125	<b>24976-SE</b> M9F14125	<b>24729-SE</b> M9F13225	<b>24989-SE</b> M9F14225	<b>24742-SE</b> M9F13325	<b>25002-SE</b> M9F14325	<b>24755-SE</b> M9F13425	<b>25015-SE</b> M9F14425
32 A	<b>24649-SE</b> M9F13132	<b>24977-SE</b> M9F14132	<b>24730-SE</b> M9F13232	<b>24990-SE</b> M9F14232	<b>24743-SE</b> M9F13332	<b>25003-SE</b> M9F14332	<b>24756-SE</b> M9F13432	<b>25016-SE</b> M9F14432
40 A	<b>24650-SE</b> M9F13140	<b>24978-SE</b> M9F14140	<b>24731-SE</b> M9F13240	<b>24991-SE</b> M9F14240	<b>24744-SE</b> M9F13340	<b>25004-SE</b> M9F14340	<b>24757-SE</b> M9F13440	<b>25017-SE</b> M9F14440
50 A	<b>24651-SE</b> M9F13150	<b>24979-SE</b> M9F14150	<b>24732-SE</b> M9F13250	<b>24992-SE</b> M9F14250	<b>24745-SE</b> M9F13350	<b>25005-SE</b> M9F14350	<b>24758-SE</b> M9F13450	<b>25018-SE</b> M9F14450
63 A	<b>24652-SE</b> M9F13163	<b>24980-SE</b> M9F14163	<b>24733-SE</b> M9F13263	<b>24993-SE</b> M9F14263	<b>24746-SE</b> M9F13363	<b>25006-SE</b> M9F14363	<b>24759-SE</b> M9F13463	<b>25019-SE</b> M9F14463
width in 9-mm modules	2	4	6	8				

## Miniature circuit breakers

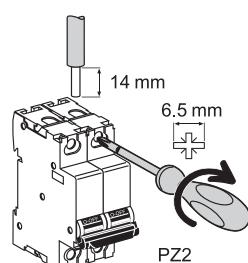
IEC/EN 60947-2: 10 kA, IEC 60898: **6000 A**

C60N - B and C curves

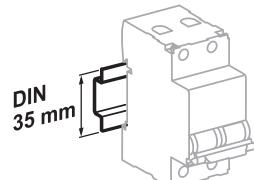
IEC/EN 60947-2: 15 kA, IEC 60898: **10000 A**

C60H - B and C curves

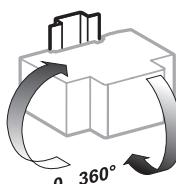
### Connection



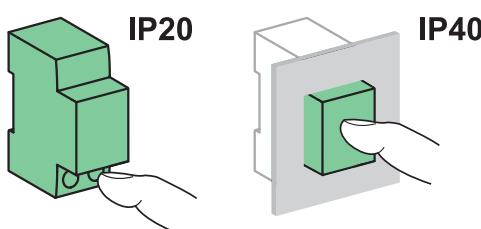
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory	
		Copper cables	Rigid, flexible or with ferrule
2 to 25 A	2.5 N.m (22 lb.in)	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG #18 to #3
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m (31 lb.in)	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG #16 to #2



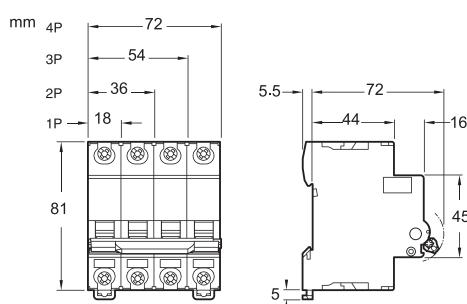
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm



Indifferent position of installation



### Dimensions (mm)



### Technical data

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Ui <sub>mp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C / 122°F
Magnetic tripping (li)	B curve in alternative current	4 ln ± 20%
	in direct current	5.7 ln (± 20%)
	C curve in alternative current	8.5 ln ± 20%
	in direct current	12 ln (± 20%)
	According to current frequency	50/60 Hz
Utilization category	A	
<b>Additional characteristics</b>		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Serving temperature	-30°C to +70°C / -22°F to 158°F	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C / -40°F to 176°F	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95% at 55°C / 131°F)	

### Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	C60N , C60H
1P	120 g
2P	240 g
3P	360 g
4P	480 g

## Residual current devices

IEC/EN 61008-1, IEC/EN 62423-2

RCCB ID – Residual Current Circuit Breakers – AC, A, A-SI, F & B types

IEC 



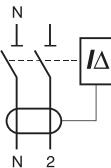
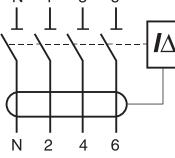
IEC/EN 61008-1, IEC/EN 62423-2

According to the above standard:

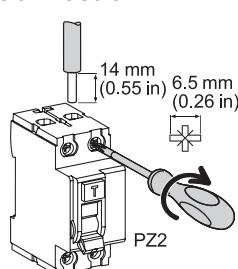
- RCCB-ID residual current circuit breakers offer the following functions:
- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact (100, 300 mA),
- protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA).

### Catalog numbers

#### RCCB-ID residual current circuit breakers

Type	AC 				A 			
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	M9R11225-S	M9R12225-S	M9R14225-S	M9R21225-S	M9R22225-S	M9R24225-S
		32 A	M9R11232-S	M9R12232-S	M9R14232-S	M9R21232-S	M9R22232-S	M9R24232-S
		40 A	M9R11240-S	M9R12240-S	M9R14240-S	M9R21240-S	M9R22240-S	M9R24240-S
		63 A	M9R11263-S	M9R12263-S	M9R14263-S	M9R21263-S	M9R22263-S	M9R24263-S
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	M9R11425-S	M9R12425-S	M9R14425-S	M9R21425-S	M9R22425-S	M9R24425-S
		32 A	M9R11432-S	M9R12432-S	M9R14432-S	M9R21432-S	M9R22432-S	M9R24432-S
		40 A	M9R11440-S	M9R12440-S	M9R14440-S	M9R21440-S	M9R22440-S	M9R24440-S
		63 A	M9R11463-S	M9R12463-S	M9R14463-S	M9R21463-S	M9R22463-S	M9R24463-S
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V						
	4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency	50 Hz							

### Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
25 to 63 A	3.5 N.m / 31 lb.in	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG #18 to #6
		1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG #18 to #8

## Residual current devices

IEC/EN 61008-1, IEC/EN 62423-2

RCCB ID – Residual Current Circuit Breakers – AC, A, A-SI, F & B types (cont.)

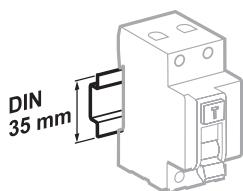


A-SI			F			B			Width in 9-mm modules
30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	
M9R31225-S	M9R32225-S	M9R34225-S	M9R41225-S	M9R42225-S	M9R44225-S	M9R61225-S	M9R62225-S	M9R64225-S	4
M9R31232-S	M9R32232-S	M9R34232-S	M9R41232-S	M9R42232-S	M9R44232-S	M9R61232-S	M9R62232-S	M9R64232-S	
M9R31240-S	M9R32240-S	M9R34240-S	M9R41240-S	M9R42240-S	M9R44240-S	M9R61240-S	M9R62240-S	M9R64240-S	
M9R31263-S	M9R32263-S	M9R34263-S	M9R41263-S	M9R42263-S	M9R44263-S	M9R61263-S	M9R62263-S	M9R64263-S	
30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	
M9R31425-S	M9R32425-S	M9R34425-S	M9R41425-S	M9R42425-S	M9R44425-S	M9R61425-S	M9R62425-S	M9R64425-S	8
M9R31432-S	M9R32432-S	M9R34432-S	M9R41432-S	M9R42432-S	M9R44432-S	M9R61432-S	M9R62432-S	M9R64432-S	
M9R31440-S	M9R32440-S	M9R34440-S	M9R41440-S	M9R42440-S	M9R44440-S	M9R61440-S	M9R62440-S	M9R64440-S	
M9R31463-S	M9R32463-S	M9R34463-S	M9R41463-S	M9R42463-S	M9R44463-S	M9R61463-S	M9R62463-S	M9R64463-S	

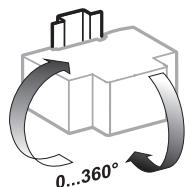
## Residual current devices

IEC/EN 61008-1, IEC/EN 62423-2

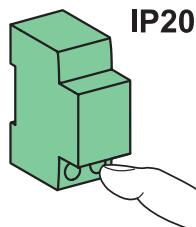
RCCB ID – Residual Current Circuit Breakers – AC, A, A-SI, F & B types (cont.)



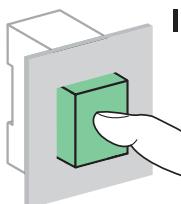
Clip on to 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rail



Any installation position



IP20



IP40

### Technical data

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (Ui)	440 V
Pollution degree	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Ui <sub>mp</sub> )	6 kV

#### According to IEC/EN 61008-1

Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )	≤40 A 63 A	500 A 630 A
Impulse current withstand (8/20 µs) without tripping	A, AC, F & B types A-SI type	250 A 3 kA
Rated conditional short-circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	with fuse 100 A	10,000 A

Behaviour in case of voltage drop

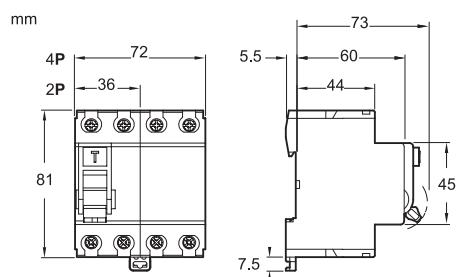


Residual current protection down to 0 V according to IEC/EN 61008-1 § 3.3.4

#### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only Device in modular enclosure	IP20 IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical Mechanical	2,000 cycles 20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	AC type A, A-SI, F & B types	-5°C to +40°C -25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +60°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95% at 55°C)

### Dimensions (mm)



### Weight (g)

#### Residual current circuit breaker (RCCB)

Type	ID
2P	192 g
4P	324 g

## Residual current devices

# RCBO - IEC/EN 61009-1 - Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Over-current Protection- AC & A types



IEC/EN 61009-1



- The N60N residual current device provides complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults):
  - protection for people against electric shocks by direct contacts (30 mA),
  - protection for people against electric shocks by indirect contacts (100, 300 mA),
  - protection of installations against risk of fire (300 mA).
- The N60N RCBOs are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against over-load currents,
  - breaking and industrial disconnections according to IEC/EN 60947-2.

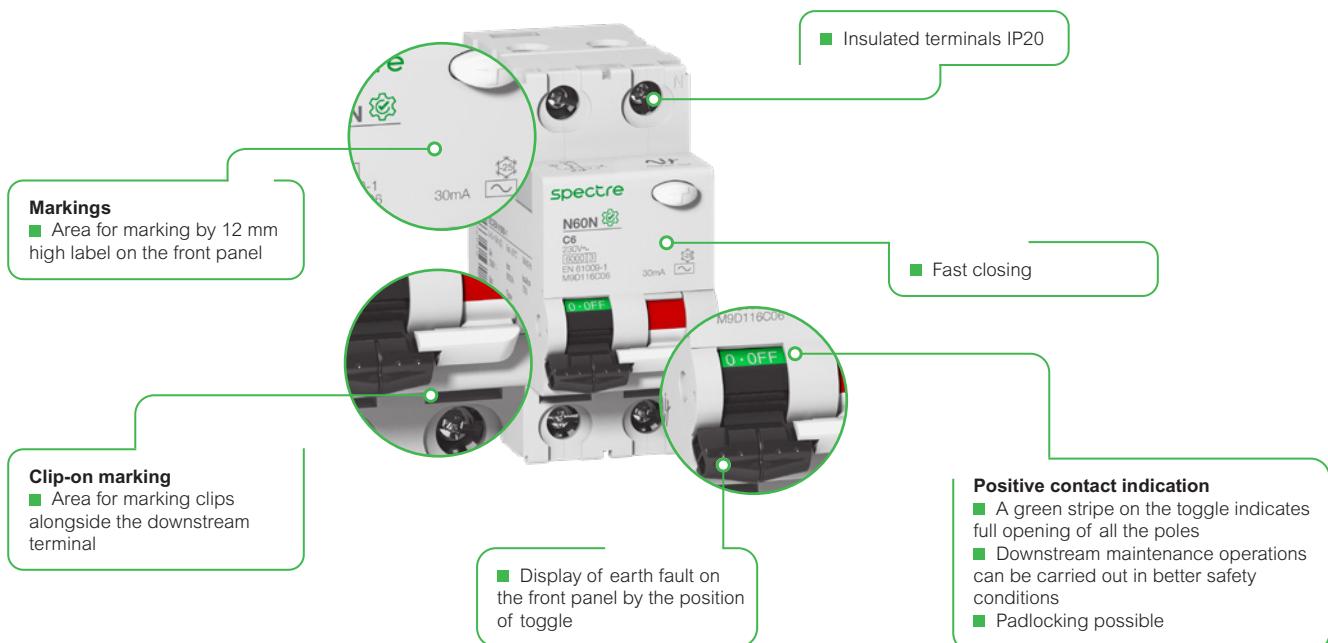
### Catalog numbers

N60N[6000]

Type	AC			A			Width in 9-mm modules			
1P+N	B curve	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA		
		Rating (In)	6 A	M9D116B06	M9D126B06	M9D146B06	M9D216B06	M9D226B06	M9D246B06	4
		10 A	M9D116B10	M9D126B10	M9D146B10	M9D216B10	M9D226B10	M9D246B10		
		16 A	M9D116B16	M9D126B16	M9D146B16	M9D216B16	M9D226B16	M9D246B16		
		20 A	M9D116B20	M9D126B20	M9D146B20	M9D216B20	M9D226B20	M9D246B20		
		25 A	M9D116B25	M9D126B25	M9D146B25	M9D216B25	M9D226B25	M9D246B25		
		32 A	M9D116B32	M9D126B32	M9D146B32	M9D216B32	M9D226B32	M9D246B32		
		40 A	M9D116B40	M9D126B40	M9D146B40	M9D216B40	M9D226B40	M9D246B40		
		50 A	M9D116B50	M9D126B50	M9D146B50	M9D216B50	M9D226B50	M9D246B50		
		63 A	M9D116B63	M9D126B63	M9D146B63	M9D216B63	M9D226B63	M9D246B63		
3P+N	C curve	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	8	
		Rating (In)	6 A	M9D116C06	M9D126C06	M9D146C06	M9D216C06	M9D226C06	M9D246C06	4
		10 A	M9D116C10	M9D126C10	M9D146C10	M9D216C10	M9D226C10	M9D246C10		
		16 A	M9D116C16	M9D126C16	M9D146C16	M9D216C16	M9D226C16	M9D246C16		
		20 A	M9D116C20	M9D126C20	M9D146C20	M9D216C20	M9D226C20	M9D246C20		
		25 A	M9D116C25	M9D126C25	M9D146C25	M9D216C25	M9D226C25	M9D246C25		
		32 A	M9D116C32	M9D126C32	M9D146C32	M9D216C32	M9D226C32	M9D246C32		
		40 A	M9D116C40	M9D126C40	M9D146C40	M9D216C40	M9D226C40	M9D246C40		
		50 A	M9D116C50	M9D126C50	M9D146C50	M9D216C50	M9D226C50	M9D246C50		
		63 A	M9D116C63	M9D126C63	M9D146C63	M9D216C63	M9D226C63	M9D246C63		
Voltage rating (Ue)	B curve	1P+N	230 - 240 V							
		3P+N	400 - 415 V							
		Operating frequency	50/60 Hz							

## Residual current devices

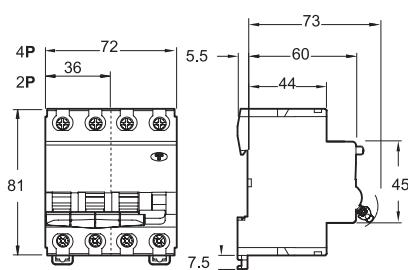
### RCBO - IEC/EN 61009-1 - Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Over-current Protection– AC & A types (cont.)



#### Connection

Type	Connection	Tightening torque	Comb busbar	Copper cables	
				Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
M9 N60N	Top	2N.m		1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG #18 to #3	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG #18 to #6
	Bottom				

#### Dimensions (mm)



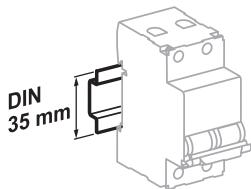
#### Weight (g)

##### Residual current device with over-current protection

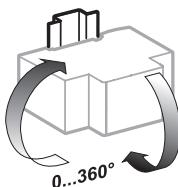
Type	N60N
1P+N	195 g
3P+N	375 g

## Residual current devices

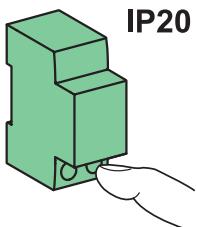
### RCBO - IEC/EN 61009-1 - Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Over-current Protection– AC & A types (cont.)



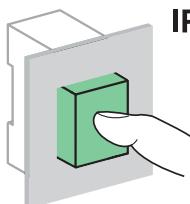
Clip on to 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rail



Any installation position



IP20



IP40

#### Technical data

##### According to IEC/EN 61009-1

Type	N60N	
Insulation voltage (Ui)	440 V	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uiimp)	6 kV	
Setting temperature for ratings	30°C	
Earth leakage protection with instantaneous tripping	30, 100, 300 mA	
Magnetic tripping	B curve	Between 3 and 5 In
	C curve	Between 5 and 10 In
Utilization category	A	
8/20 µs impulse withstand current	250 A	

Limitation class	3
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)	6000 A
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (Δm)	6000 A

##### Behaviour in case of voltage drop



Residual current protection down to 0 V according to IEC/EN 61009-1 § 3.3.8

##### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
		Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤20 A: 20,000 cycles
		≥25 A: 10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95% at 55°C / 131°F)

# Electrical control

## TL impulse relays

IEC 

IEC/EN 60669-2-2



### Impulse relays:

- Closing of the impulse relay pole(s) is triggered by an impulse on the coil.
- Having two stable mechanical positions, the pole(s) will be opened by the next impulse. Each impulse received by the coil reverses the position of the pole(s).
- Can be controlled by an unlimited number of pushbuttons.
- Zero energy consumption.

### TL

- The impulse relays are used to control, by means of pushbuttons, lighting circuits consisting of:
  - incandescent lamps, low-voltage halogen lamps, etc. (resistive loads)
  - fluorescent lamps, discharge lamps, etc. (inductive loads)

### Changeover contact TLi

- This impulse relay has a changeover contact

### Catalog numbers

#### TL impulse relays

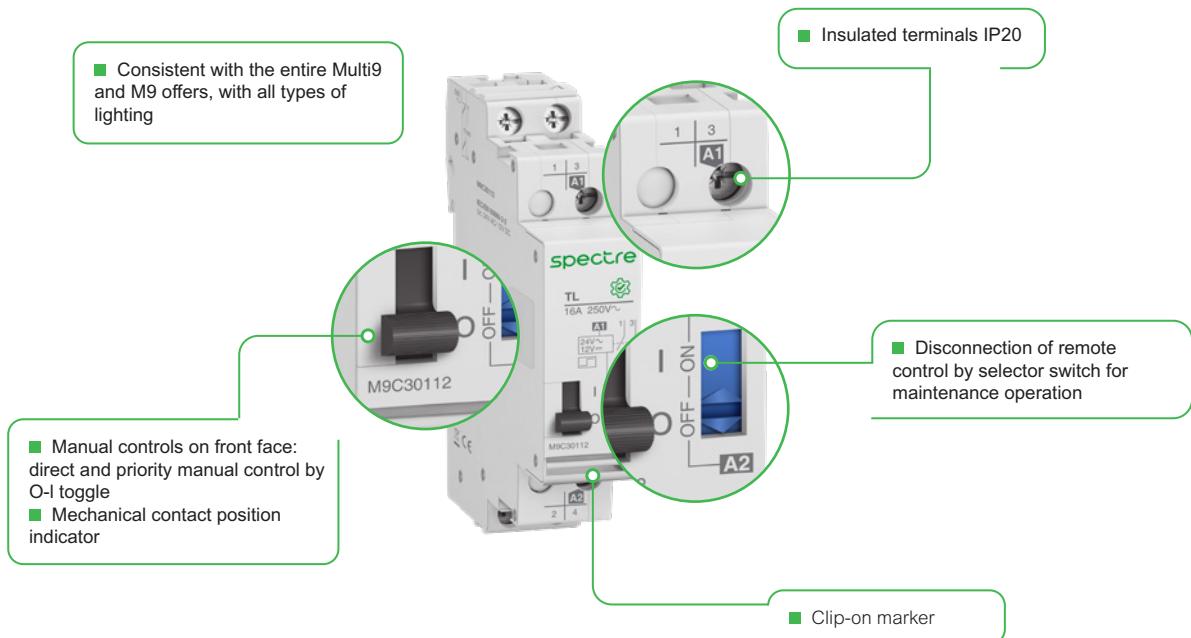
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc) (V AC) (50/60 Hz)	(V DC)		
16 A	12	6	M9C30011	M9C30012
	24	12	M9C30111	M9C30112
	48	24	M9C30211	M9C30212
	130	48	M9C30311	M9C30312
	230...240	110	M9C30811	M9C30812
32 A	12	6	M9C3031-S	-
	24	12	M9C30131-S	-
	48	24	M9C30231-S	-
	130	48	M9C30331-S	-
	230...240	110	M9C30831-S	-
Width in 9 mm modules	2	2	4	4

#### TLi impulse relays

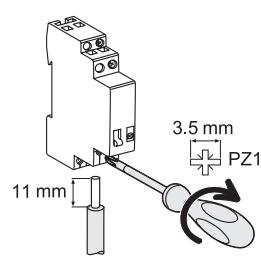
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc) (V AC) (50/60 Hz)	(V DC)		
16 A	12	6	M9C30021	M9C30015
	24	12	M9C30121	M9C30115
	48	24	M9C30221	M9C30215
	130	48	M9C30321	M9C30315
	230...240	110	M9C30821	M9C30815
Width in 9 mm modules	2	2	4	4

# Electrical control

## TL impulse relays (cont.)

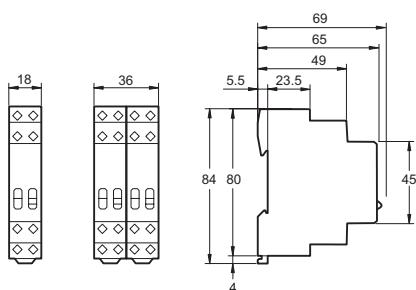


### Connection



Type	Rating	Circuit	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
				Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
TL, TLI	16 A	Control	1 N.m	0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
		Power		1.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
	32 A	Control		0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
		Power		2.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>

### Dimensions (mm)



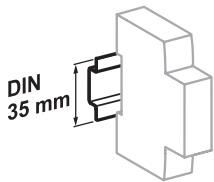
### Weight (g)

#### Impulse relay

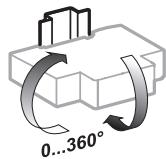
Type	TL, TLI
1P	94 g
2P	102 g
3P	210 g
4P	218 g

# Electrical control

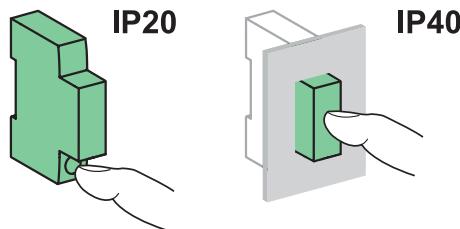
## TL impulse relays (cont.)



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm (1.38 in)



Indifferent position of installation



### Technical data

#### Control circuit

	TL and TLi 16 A	TL 32 A
Control voltage (Uc)	Tolerance at 50 Hz	+6 %, -15 %
	Tolerance at 60 Hz	±6 %
	Tolerance V DC	+6 %, -10 %
Dissipated power (during the impulse)	1, 2, 3P: 19 VA 4P: 38 VA	19 VA
Illuminated PB control	Max. current 3 mA	
Operating threshold	Min. 85 % of Un in conformance with IEC/EN60669-2-2	
Duration of the control order	50 ms to 1 s (200 ms recommended)	
Response time	50 ms	

#### Power circuit

Voltage rating (Ue)	1P, 2P 3P, 4P	24 ...250 V AC 24....415 V AC
Frequency		50 Hz or 60 Hz
Maximum number of operations per minute	5	
Maximum number of switching operation a day	100	

#### Additional characteristics

Insulation voltage (Ui)	440 V AC
Pollution degree	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	6 kV
Overvoltage category	IV

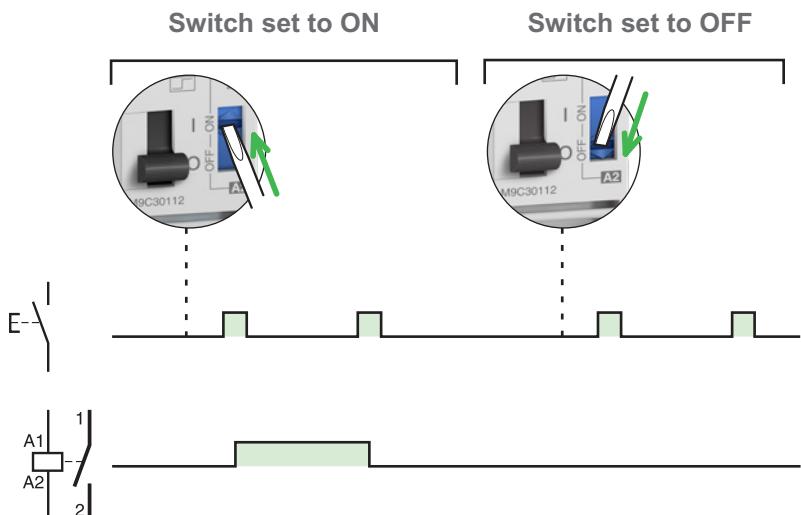
#### Endurance (O-C)

Electrical	200,000 cycles (AC21) 100,000 cycles (AC22)	50,000 cycles (AC21) 20,000 cycles (AC22)
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#### Other characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only Device in modular enclosure	IP20 IP40 Insulation class II
Operating temperature		-5°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95% at 55°C / 131°F)

## Operation



# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors



IEC/EN 61095, IEC/EN 60947-4-1



### CT contactors are available in two versions:

- Contactors without manual operation
- Contactors with manual operation

The breadth of the M9 CT contactor range satisfies most application cases. M9 CT contactors can be combined with auxiliary indication functions.

■ M9 CT contactors can be used to remote control applications in alternating current:

- lighting, heating, ventilation, roller blinds, sanitary hot water,
- mechanical ventilation systems, etc,
- load-shedding of non-priority circuits.

■ The 3P+N contactor comes with a reinforced neutral pole. It will bring robustness to control single-phase loads requiring group control.

### Catalog numbers

#### CT contactors



Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (Uc)	Contact	Catalog numbers	Width in 9 mm modules	
1P	AC7a	AC7b					
  	16 A	5 A	V AC 50 Hz	24	1NO	M9C20111	
				130	1NO	M9C20311	
				220...240	1NO	M9C20811	
				12	1NO	M9C20031	
				24	1NO	M9C20131	
	25 A	8.5 A		48	1NO	M9C20231	
				130	1NO	M9C20331	
				220...240	1NO	M9C20831	
				12	2NO	M9C20112	
				24	1NO+1NC	M9C20115	
  	16 A	5 A	V AC 50 Hz	130	2NO	M9C20312	
				220...240	1NO+1NC	M9C20315	
				220...240	2NO	M9C20812	
				220...240	1NO+1NC	M9C20815	
			V DC	24	2NO	M9C22212	
				24	2NC	M9C22216	
				24	1NO+1NC	M9C22215	
				24	2NO	M9C20122	
	20 A	6.5 A	V AC 50 Hz	130	2NO	M9C20322	
				220...240	2NO	M9C20822	
				24	2NO	M9C22222	
				24	2NC	M9C22226	
			V DC	24	1NO+1NC	M9C22225	
				24	2NO	M9C20032	
				24	2NO	M9C20132	
				24	2NC	M9C20136	
	25 A	8.5 A	V AC 50 Hz	130	1NO+1NC	M9C20135	
				48	2NO	M9C20232	
				130	2NO	M9C20332	
				220...240	2NO	M9C20336	
				220...240	1NO+1NC	M9C20335	
				220...240	2NO	M9C20832	
			V DC	220...240	2NC	M9C20836	
				220...240	1NO+1NC	M9C20835	
				24	2NO	M9C22232	
				24	2NC	M9C22236	
				24	1NO+1NC	M9C22235	
				24	2NO	M9C20842	
	40 A	15 A	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	2NO	M9C20162	
				24	2NO	M9C20862	
				220...240	2NO	M9C20882	

# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)

### Catalog numbers

#### CT contactors



Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (Uc)		Contact	Catalog numbers	Width in 9 mm modules	
3P	3P	AC7a	AC7b	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	3NO	M9C20813	4
		16 A	5 A			3NO	M9C20033	
		25 A	8.5 A			24	M9C20133	
						48	M9C20233	
						220...240	M9C20833	
		40 A	15 A			3NO	M9C20843	6
		63 A	20 A			3NO	M9C20863	
3P+N	3P+N	25 A	8.5 A	V AC 50 Hz	12	4NO	M9C24034	4
						24	M9C24134	
						48	M9C24234	
						220...240	M9C24834	
						4NC	M9C24837	
		40 A	15 A			220...240	4NO	M9C24844
						4NC	M9C24847	6
		63 A	20 A			220...240	4NO	M9C24864
						4NC	M9C24867	
4P	4P	16 A	5 A	V AC 50 Hz	24	4NO	M9C20114	4
						220...240	4NO	M9C20814
						2NO+2NC	M9C20818	
		20 A	6.5 A			220...240	4NO	M9C20824
		25 A	8.5 A	V AC 50 Hz	12	4NO	M9C20034	6
						24	M9C20134	
						4NC	M9C20137	
						48	M9C20234	
						220...240	4NO	M9C20834
						4NC	M9C20837	
						2NO+2NC	M9C20838	
		40 A	15 A			220...240	4NO	M9C20844
						4NC	M9C20847	
		63 A	20 A			24	4NO	M9C20164
						220...240	4NC	M9C20167
						4NO	M9C20864	
						2NO+2NC	M9C20868	
						3NO+1NC	M9C20869	
		100 A	-			220...240	4NO	M9C20884

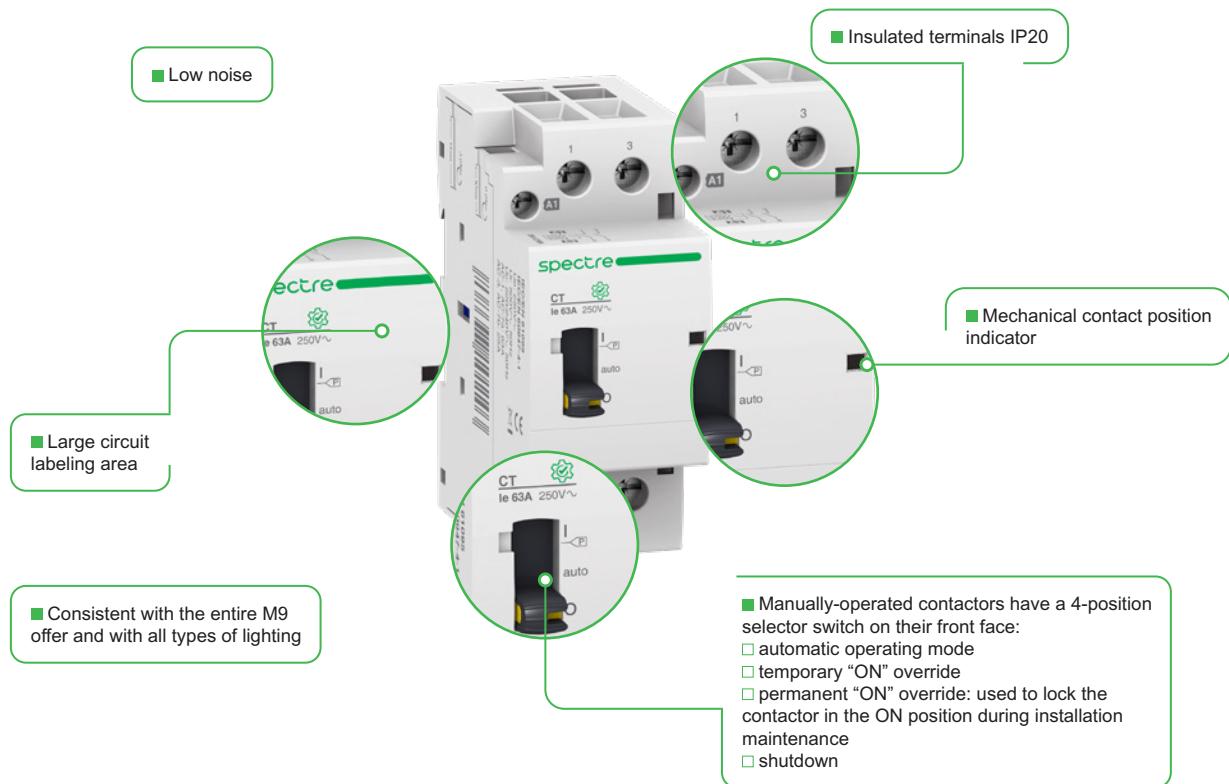
# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)

Catalog numbers							
CT manual control contactor							
Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (Uc)	Contact	Catalog numbers	Width in 9 mm modules	
2P	AC7a 16 A 20 A 25 A 40 A 63 A	AC7b 5 A 6.5 A 8.5 A 15 A 20 A	V AC 50 Hz 220...240 V DC 24	2NO	M9C21812	2	
				1NO+1NC	M9C21815		
				2NO	M9C23212		
				2NC	M9C23226		
				1NO+1NC	M9C23215		
				2NO	M9C23222		
				2NC	M9C23226		
				1NO+1NC	M9C23225		
			V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240 V DC 24	2NO	M9C21132		
				2NO	M9C21832		
3P	25 A 40 A	8.5 A 15 A		2NO	M9C23232	4	
				2NC	M9C23236		
				1NO+1NC	M9C23235		
		V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240	2NO	M9C21142			
			2NO	M9C21842			
	63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240	2NO	M9C21162		
				2NO	M9C21862		
4P	25 A 40 A	8.5 A 15 A	V AC 50 Hz 220...240	3NO	M9C21833	4	
				3NO	M9C21843		
			V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240	4NO	M9C21134		
				4NO	M9C21834		
	40 A	15 A	V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240	4NO	M9C21144	6	
				4NO	M9C21844		
	63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz 24 220...240	4NO	M9C21164		
				4NO	M9C21864		

# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)



### Connection

Type	Rating	Stripping length	Circuit	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
					Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
CT	PZ1: 4 mm	16 - 100 A	10 mm	Control	0.8 N.m	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
						1.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
	PZ2: 6 mm	16 to 25 A	14 mm	Power	3.5 N.m	1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
		40 A - 63 A				6 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>
ACTs	PZ1: 4 mm	100 A	-	-	6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
						6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
ACTs	PZ1: 4 mm	-	9 mm	0.8 N.m	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)

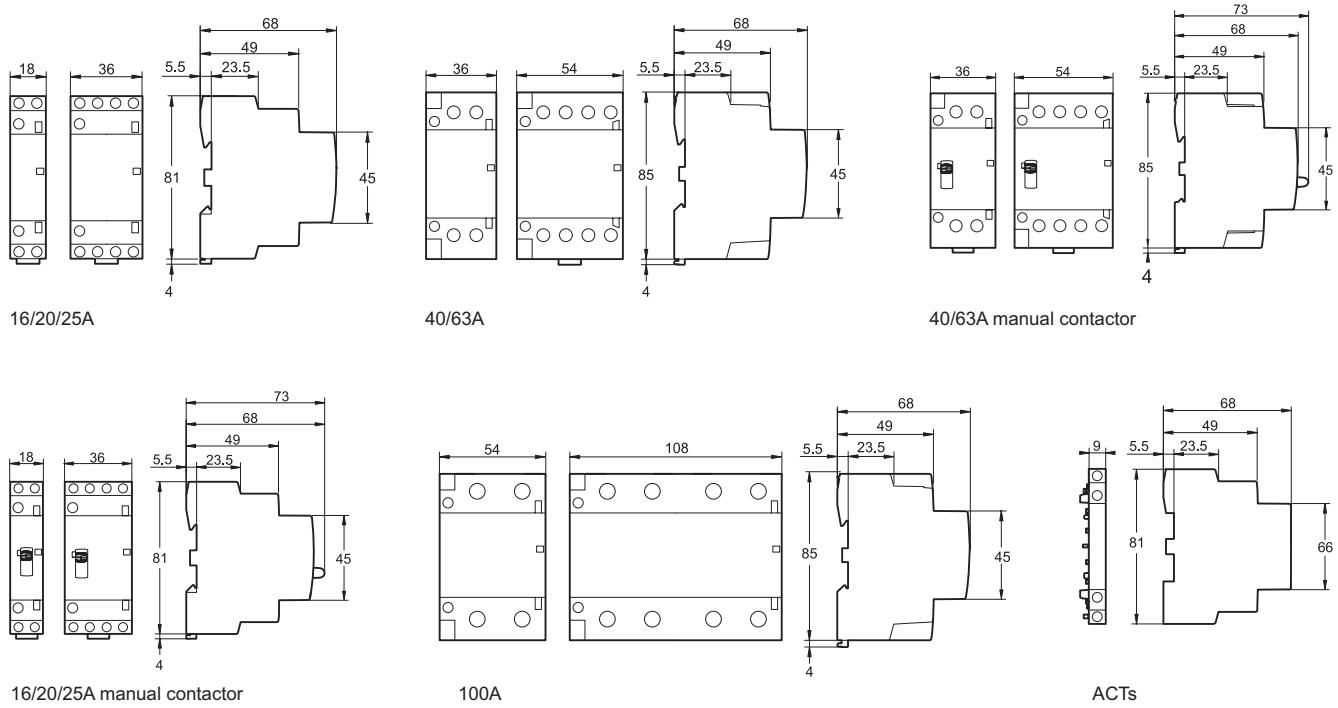
### Consumption

CT contactors											
Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (Uc)			Consumption		Heat dissipation			
	1P	AC7a	AC7b	V AC 50 Hz	24	Holding	Inrush				
1P	16 A	5 A	V AC 50 Hz	24	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				130	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				220...240	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
	25 A	8.5 A		12	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				24	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				48	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
2P	16 A	5 A		130	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				220...240	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				V DC	24	0.6 VA	7 VA	0.6 W			
	20 A	6.5 A		V AC 50 Hz	24	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W			
				130	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				220...240	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				V DC	24	0.6 VA	7 VA	0.6 W			
	25 A	8.5 A		V AC 50 Hz	12	3.1 VA	11.5 VA	1.4 W			
				24	3 VA	11.5 VA	1.3 W				
				48	3 VA	11.5 VA	1.3 W				
				130	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				220...240	2.8 VA	11.5 VA	1.2 W				
				V DC	24	0.6 VA	7 VA	0.6 W			
3P	40 A	15 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
				63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz	24	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W	
				220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W				
	100 A	-		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
3P+N	25 A	8.5 A		V AC 50 Hz	12	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W			
				24	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W				
				48	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W				
				220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W				
	40 A	15 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
				63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W	
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
	40 A	15 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
				63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W	
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
4P	16 A	5 A		V AC 50 Hz	24	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W			
				220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W				
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
	20 A	6.5 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
				25 A	8.5 A	V AC 50 Hz	12	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W	
				24	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W				
	40 A	15 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.8 VA	33 VA	1.6 W			
				63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W	
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	4.1 VA	31 VA	1.6 W			
	40 A	15 A		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
				63 A	20 A	V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W	
				V AC 50 Hz	220...240	7 VA	48 VA	2.1 W			
	100 A	-		V AC 50 Hz	220...240	13 VA	106 VA	4.2 W			

# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)

### Dimensions (mm)



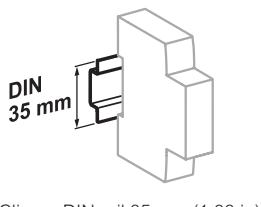
### Weight (g)

#### Modular contactors

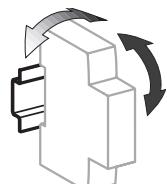
Type	Without manual operation			With manual operation	
	16/20/25 A	40/63 A	100 A	16/20/25 A	40/63 A
1P	120	-	-	-	-
2P	126	238	237	130	424
3P	205	331	-	209	335
3P+N	211	335	641	215	339
4P	211	335	641	215	339
ACTs	35				

# Electrical control

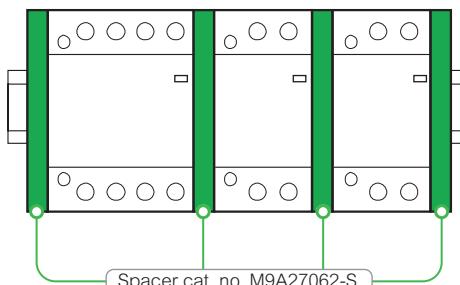
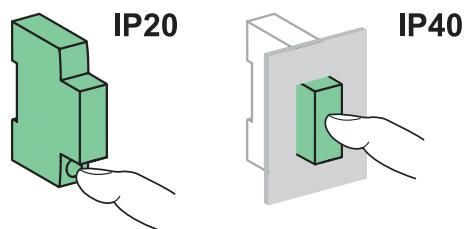
## CT modular contactors (cont.)



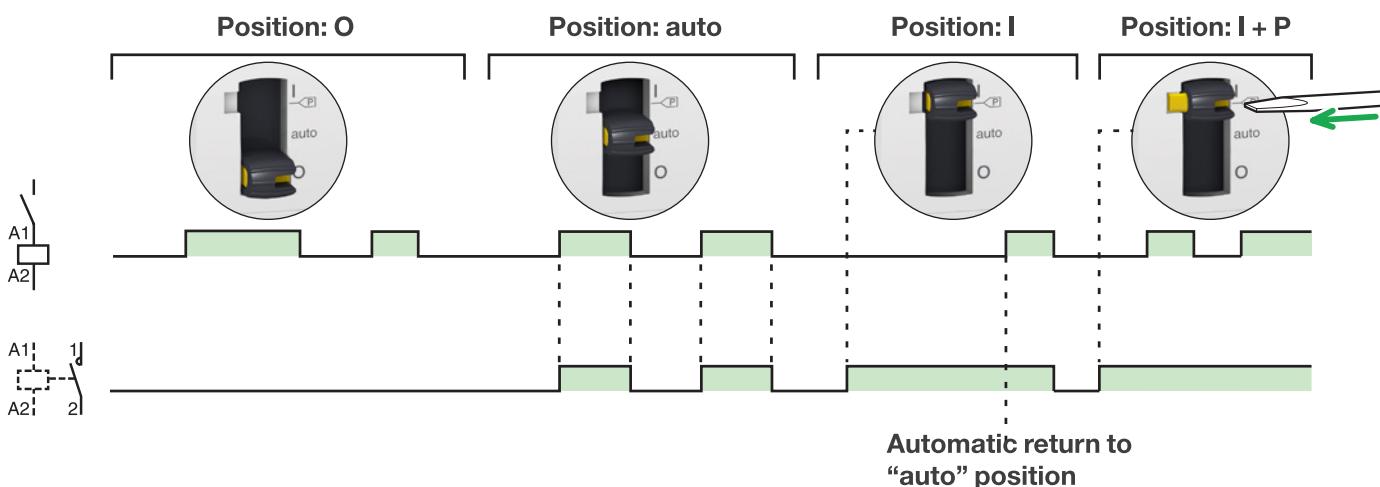
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm (1.38 in)



±30° vertical

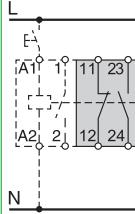
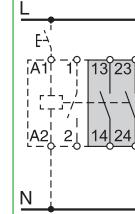
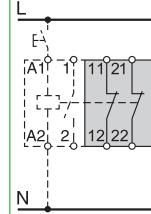


### Operation (Manual control contactor)



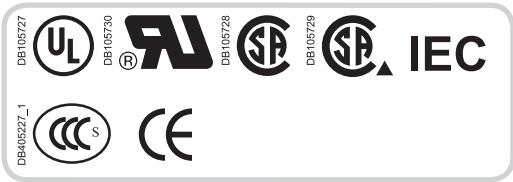
# Electrical control

## CT modular contactors (cont.)

<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>Indication</b>
<b>Type</b>		<b>ACTs</b>
<b>Indication</b>		With Open/Close auxiliary contact
		
<b>Function</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This auxiliary allows indication of the "open" or "closed" position of the contactor power contacts</li> </ul>
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>		  
<b>Mounting</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of CT</li> </ul>
<b>Catalog numbers</b>		<b>M9C15914</b> <b>M9C15916</b> <b>M9C15918</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>		
Control voltage	V AC (Ue)	24...240 24...130
Frequency	Hz	50/60
Width in 9 mm (0.35 in) modules	1	
Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC</li> <li>Maximum: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 A at 230 V AC, AC12</li> <li>2 A at 230 V AC, AC15</li> <li>1 A at 130 V DC, DC13</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Number of contacts	1NO + 1NC	2NO
Operating temperature	-5 to +50°C	
Storage temperature	-40 to +70°C	
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Security</b>
<b>Spacer</b>		
<b>Function</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Required to reduce temperature rise of modular devices installed side by side.</li> <li>Recommended to separate electronic devices (thermostat, programmable clock, etc.) from electromechanical devices (relays, contactors).</li> </ul>
<b>Use</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Bag of 5</li> </ul>
<b>Catalog numbers</b>		<b>M9A27062-S</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>		
Width in 9 mm modules	1	

# Auxiliaries

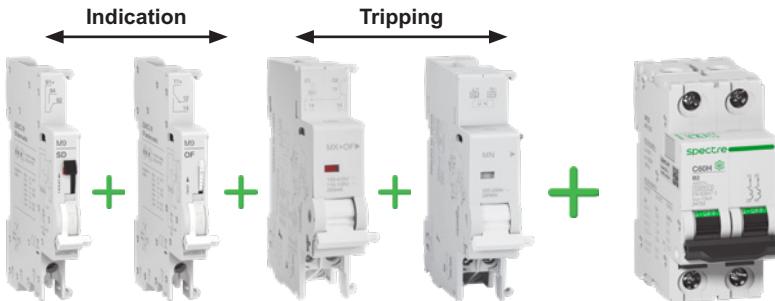
## Electrical auxiliaries



### Compliance with electrical auxiliaries standards

- UL 489 Branch circuit protection File #E215117.
- CSA C22.2 No. 5 Branch circuit protection File #179014.
- UL 1077 Supplementary Protection File #E90509.
- CSA C22.2 No. 235 Supplementary Protection File #179014.
- IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-5-1 circuit breakers.
- CE Marked.

- The electrical auxiliaries provide the remote tripping or position (open/closed/tripped) indication functions of these devices in the event of an electrical fault.
- They clip on (no tool required) to the left-hand side of associated device.
- The SD+OF auxiliary is a two-in-one product consisting of SD and OF auxiliaries in a single device.



### Combination table

Indication auxiliaries	Tripping auxiliaries	Devices
+ + + + <b>3</b>	+ + + + <b>2</b>	 <b>C60</b>
1 SD+OF maxi	1 SD+OF maxi	1 maxi
1 OF maxi	1 (SD+OF or SD or OF) maxi	2 maxi
		 <b>N60</b>

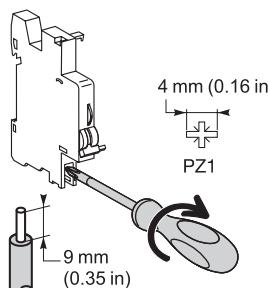
**⚠** Tripping devices must be installed first.

If two tripping devices are used: the MN under voltage release must be installed first

Indication auxiliaries: install the SD auxiliaries first

## Auxiliaries

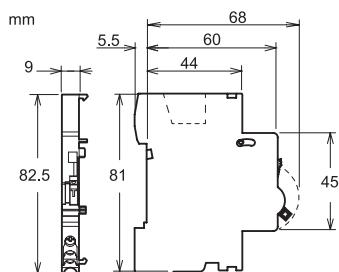
### Electrical auxiliaries (cont.)



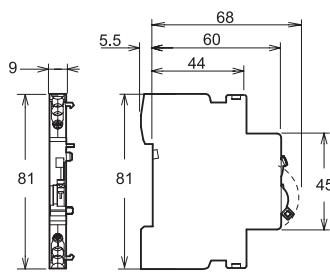
#### Connection

Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables Rigid
Indication and tripping auxiliaries	1 N.m / 9 lb.in	2 cables, 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / #16 AWG or 1 cable, 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / #14 AWG

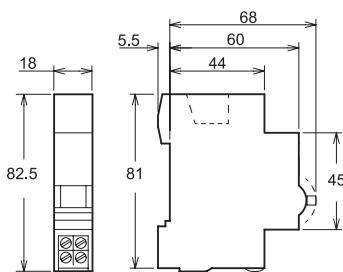
#### Dimensions (mm)



OF, SD



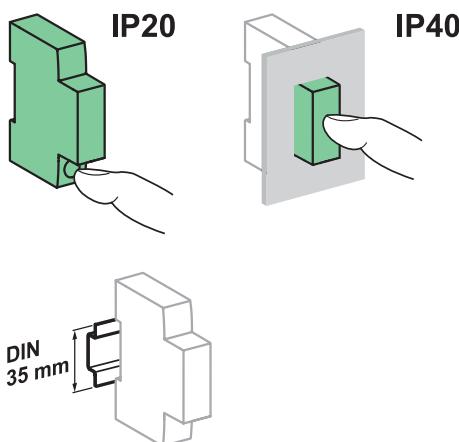
OF-SD



MX, MN, MN[], MX+OF, MNx MNx

#### Weight (g)

Electrical auxiliary	
Type	Weight (g)
MN	66 g
MN[]	66 g
MNx	73 g
MX	60 g
MX+OF	65 g
OF	30 g
SD	30 g
OF-SD	40 g



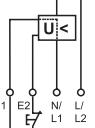
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm (1.38 in)



Indifferent position of installation

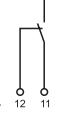
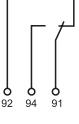
## Auxiliaries

# Electrical auxiliaries (cont.)

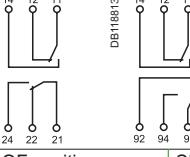
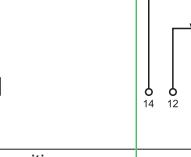
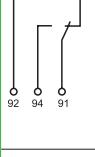
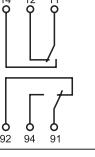
Tripping								
Auxiliaries	MN	MNS	MNx					
Type	<b>Undervoltage release</b> Instantaneous 	Delayed 	Independent of the supply voltage 					
Trademark	Schneider Electric	Schneider Electric	Schneider Electric					
Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Causes the device with which it is associated to trip when its input voltage decreases (between 70% and 35% of Un). Prevents the device from closing until its input voltage has been restored</li> </ul>							
Wiring diagrams	 							
Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-closed pushbutton</li> <li>Improves the safety of the power supply circuits of several machines by preventing "uncontrolled" restarting</li> </ul>							
Catalog numbers	M9A27108   M9A27107   M9A26960   M9A26961   M9A26959   M9A26963	M9A26969	M9A26971					
Technical specifications								
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC V DC	24 24	120 48	220...240 48	115 -	200...240 -	230 -	400 -
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60		400		50/60	50/60	
Pollution degree		3			3		3	
Mechanical state indicator light, red		On front face			On front face		On front face	
Test function		-			-		-	
Width in 9 mm (0.35 in) modules		2			2		2	
Operating current		-			-		-	
Number of contacts		-			-		-	
Operating temperature		-25... +50°C / -13...122°F			-25... +50°C / -13...122°F		-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	
Storage temperature		-40... +85°C / -40...185°F			-40... +85°C / -40...185°F		-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	
Standards								
IEC/EN 60947-1								
IEC/EN 60947-5-1		-			-		-	
EN 60947-2								
EN 62019-2		-			-		-	
								
								
								
		-			-		-	
								

## Auxiliaries

### Electrical auxiliaries (cont.)

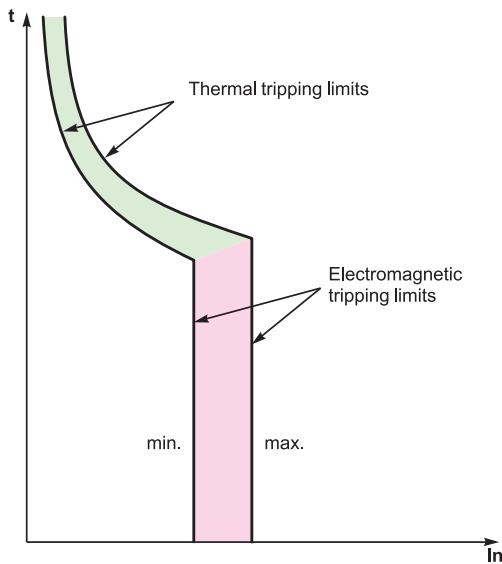
Schneider Electric		Indication						
Auxiliaries	MX	MX+OF	OF	SD				
Type	Shunt release	With open/closed auxilliary contact	open/closed auxilliary contact	Electrical fault indicating contact				
								
Trademark	Schneider Electric	Schneider Electric	Schneider Electric	Schneider Electric				
Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tripping the associated device when it is powered on</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>					
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Includes an open/closed contact (OF contact) to indicate the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the position of the associated device in the event of:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>action on the tripping auxiliary</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
Wiring diagrams								
Utilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-open pushbutton</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-open pushbutton</li> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote electrical fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>				
Catalog numbers	M9A26476	M9A26477	M9A26478	M9A26946	M9A26947	M9A26948	M9A26924	M9A26927
Technical specifications								
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC 100...415	48	12...24	100...415	48	12...24	240...415	240...415
	V DC 110...130	48	12...24	110...130	48	12...24	24...130	24...130
Operating frequency	Hz 50/60	50/60			50/60	50/60		
Pollution degree	3	3			3	3		
Mechanical state indicator light, red	On front face	On front face			-	On front face		
Test function	-	-			On front face	On front face		
Width in 9 mm (0.35 in) modules	2	2			1	1		
Operating current	-	3 A / 415 V AC 6A / ≤ 240 V AC			3 A / 415 V AC 6A / ≤ 240 V AC			
Number of contacts	-	1 NO/NC			1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC		
Operating temperature	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F			-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F		
Storage temperature	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F			-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F		
Standards								
IEC/EN 60947-1					-			
IEC/EN 60947-5-1	-							
EN 60947-2	-				-			
EN 62019-2	-							
	-							

**Spectre**

OF+OF / OF+SD	OF	SD	OF-SD
Double open/closed or fault indicating contact	open/closed auxilliary contact	Electrical fault indicating contact	Double open/closed or fault indicating contact
			
Schneider Electric	Spectre	Spectre	Spectre
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The OF+OF / OF+SD auxiliary is a two-in-one product: choice of OF or SD contact via the selector switch</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the position of the associated device in the event of:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>action on the tripping auxiliary</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The OF-SD auxiliary is a two-in-one product</li> </ul>
 OF position	 SD position		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote position and/or fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote electrical fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote position and/or fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>
M9A26929	M9A26924-S	M9A26927-S	M9A26929-S
240...415	240...415	240...415	240...415
24...130	24...130	24...130	24...130
50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
3	3	3	3
On front face	-	On front face	On front face
On front face	On front face	On front face	On front face
1	1	1	1
3 A / 415 V AC 6A / ≤ 240 V AC			
1 NO/NC + 1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC + 1 NO/NC
-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F	-25... +50°C / -13...122°F
-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F	-40... +85°C / -40...185°F
-	-	-	-
■	■	■	■
-	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-
■	-	-	-

# Technical information

## Circuit breakers tripping curves



The following curves show the total fault current breaking time, depending on its amperage. For example: based on the curve on "Circuit breakers tripping curves", page 20, a C60 circuit breaker of curve C, 20 A rating, will interrupt a current of 100 A (5 times the rated current  $I_n$ ) in:

- 1 second at least
- 7 seconds at most.

The circuit breakers' tripping curves consist of two parts:

- tripping of overload protection (thermal tripping device): the higher the current, the shorter the tripping time
- tripping of short-circuit protection (magnetic tripping device): if the current exceeds the threshold of this protection device, the breaking time is less than 10 milliseconds.

For short-circuit currents exceeding 20 times the rated current, the time-current curves do not give a sufficiently precise representation. The breaking of high short-circuit currents is characterized by the current limiting curves, in peak current and in energy. The total breaking time can be estimated at 5 times the value of the ratio  $(I^2t)/(\hat{I})^2$ .

### Verification of the selectivity between two circuit breakers

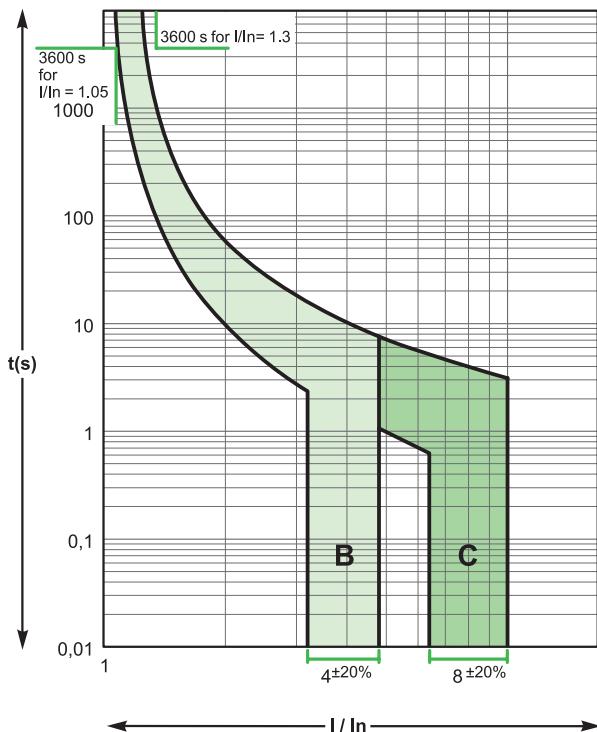
By superimposing the curve of a circuit breaker on that of the circuit breaker installed upstream, one can check whether this combination will be selective in cases of overload (selectivity for all current values, up to the magnetic threshold of the upstream circuit breaker). This verification is useful when one of the two circuit breakers has adjustable thresholds; for fixed-threshold devices, this information is provided directly by the selectivity tables.

To check selectivity on short circuit, the energy characteristics of the two devices must be compared.

### Alternative current 50/60 Hz

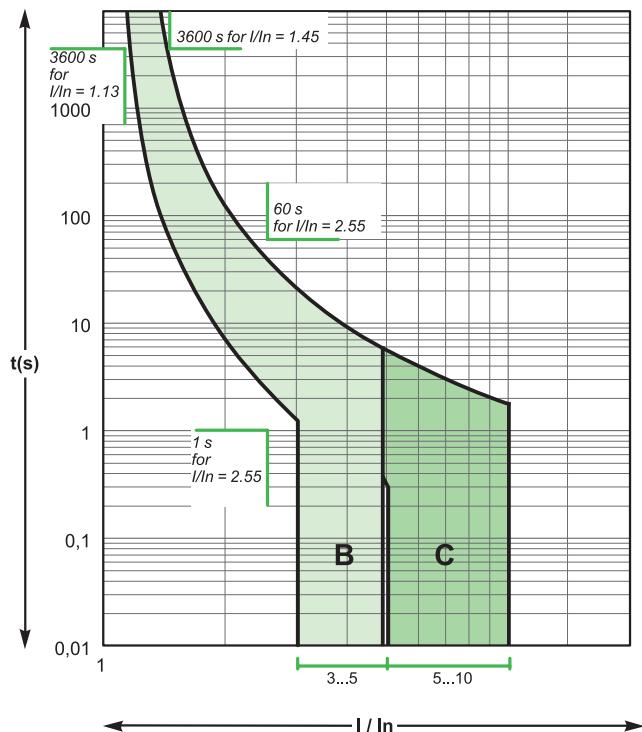
C60N, C60H

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)  
Curves B & C



C60N, C60H

According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)  
Curves B & C



# Technical information

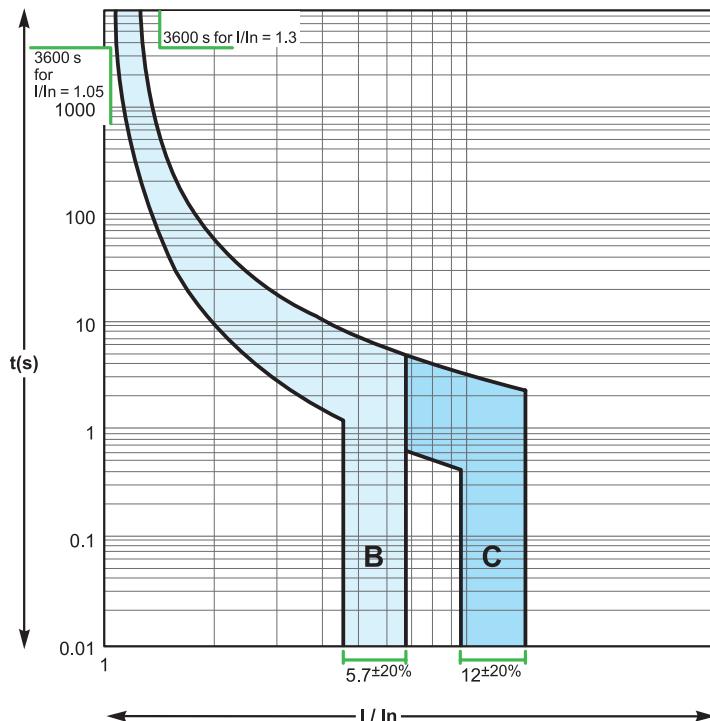
## Circuit breakers tripping curves (cont.)

### Direct current

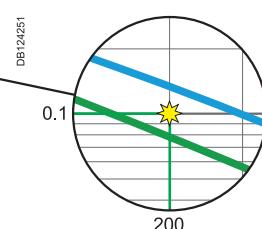
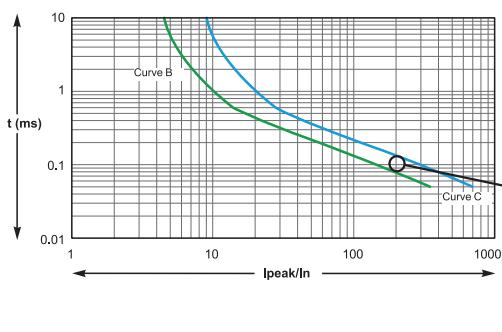
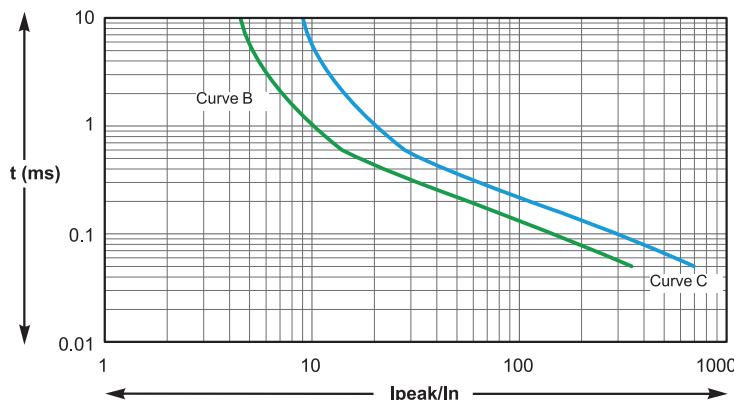
C60N, C60H

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)

Curves B & C



C60N, C60H



The circuit-breaker characteristics chosen depend on the type of load downstream of the installation. The rating depends on the size of the cables to be protected and the curves depend on the load inrush current.

### Product selection according to the load inrush current

When certain "capacitive" loads are switched on, very high inrush currents appear during the first milliseconds of operation. The left graphs show the average non-tripping curves of our products for this time range (50 µs to 10 ms).

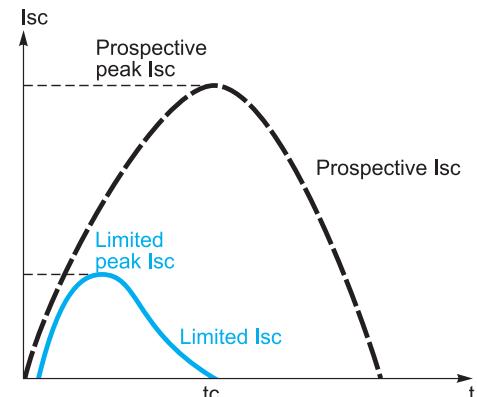
This information allows us to select the most appropriate product, according to the load specifications: curve and rating.

### Example

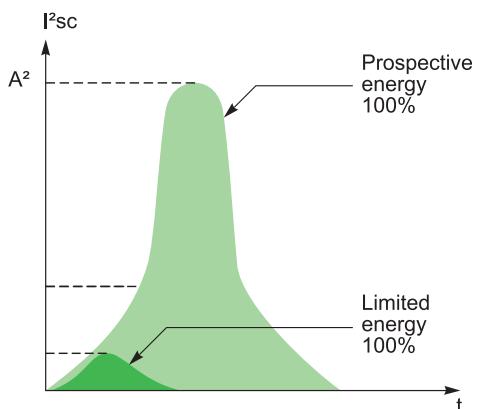
When a C60 is used with a load with current peaks in the order of 200 I<sub>n</sub> during the first 0.1 millisecond, a curve C product must be installed.

# Technical information

## Short-circuit current limiting



Prospective current and real limit current.



### Definition

The limiting capacity of a circuit breaker is its ability to lessen the effects of a short-circuit on an electrical installation by reducing the current amplitude and the dissipated power.

### Benefits of limiting

#### Long installation service life

##### Thermal effects

Lower temperature rise at the conductor level, hence increased service life for cables and all components that are not self-protected (e.g. switches, contactors, etc.)

##### Mechanical effects

Lower electrodynamic repulsion forces, hence less risk of deformation or breakage of electrical contacts and busbars.

##### Electromagnetic effects

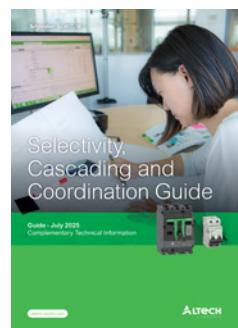
Less interference on sensitive equipment located in the vicinity of an electric circuit.

### Savings through cascading

Cascading is a technique derived directly from current limiting: downstream of a current-limiting circuit breaker it is possible to use circuit breakers of breaking capacity lower than the prospective short-circuit current (in line with the cascading tables). The breaking capacity is heightened thanks to current limiting by the upstream device. Substantial savings can be achieved in this way on switchgear and enclosures.

### Discrimination of protection devices

The circuit breakers' current limiting capacity improves discrimination with the protection devices located upstream: this is because the required energy passing through the upstream protection device is greatly reduced and can be not enough to cause it to trip. Discrimination can thus be natural without having to install a time-delayed protection device upstream.



Scan this QR code to download Selectivity, Cascading and Coordination Guide.

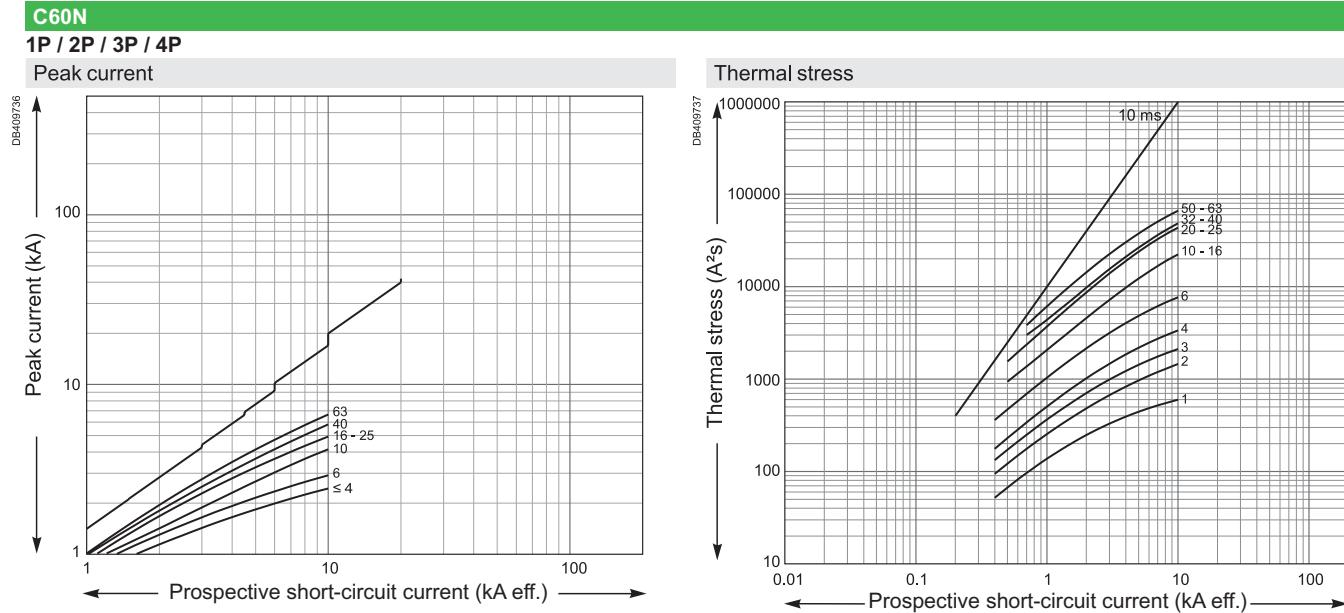


## Technical information

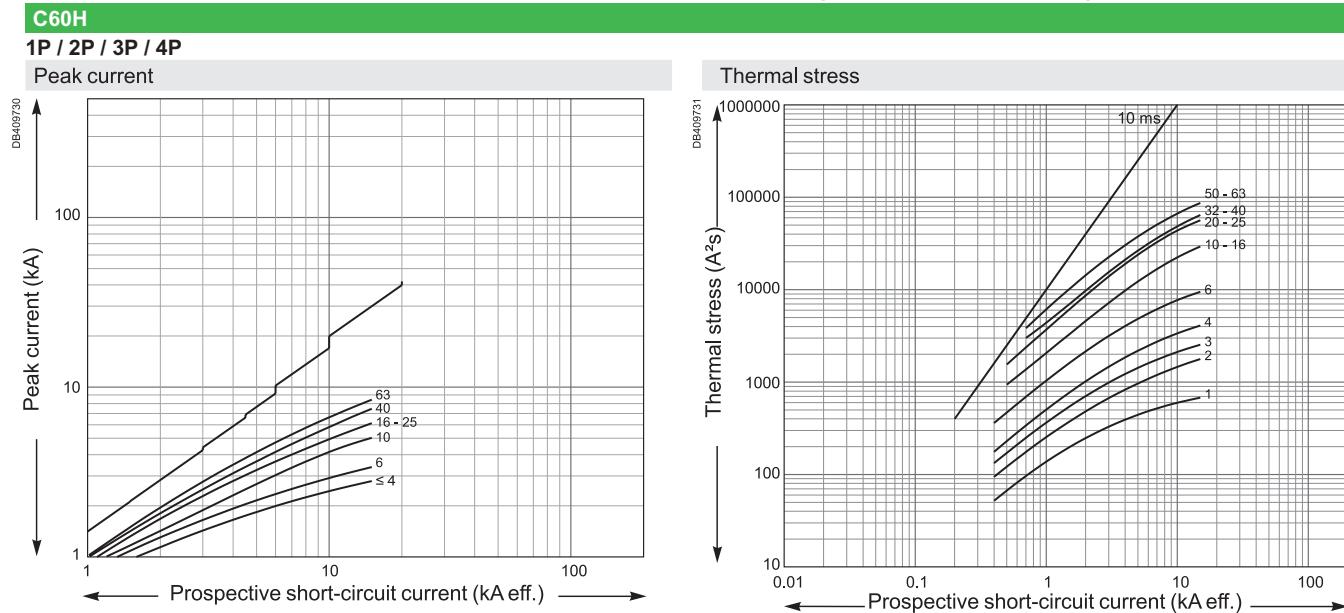
### Short-circuit current limiting (cont.)

Ue: 380-415 V AC

#### Limitation curves for network Ue: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)



#### Limitation curves for network Ue: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)



# Technical information

## Miniature circuit breakers

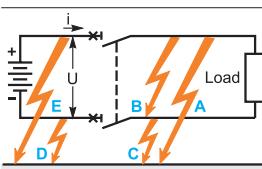
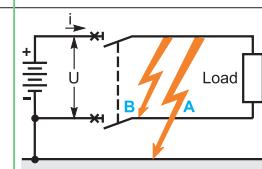
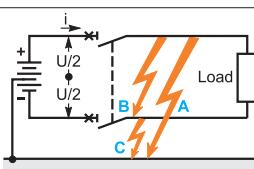
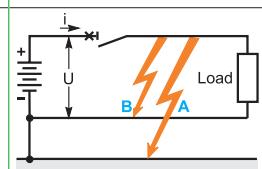
### for DC applications up to 240 V DC

This application sheet is intended to provide guidance for selecting the best protection and control components for a given DC system. It covers DC systems supplied by rectifier (AC/DC or DC/DC converter) and/or battery, isolated from or connected to earth.

The main voltages are 24 V DC, 48 V DC, 110 V DC and 220 V DC.

Selection of devices in DC can be challenging due to the diversity of voltage levels and earthing system.

In this document we will consider the following systems.

IT	TN	Midpoint earthed (not distributed)	- (or +) earthed
<b>Isolated from earth</b> + and - conductors protected and disconnected	- (or +) earthed + and - conductors protected and disconnected	Midpoint earthed (not distributed) + and - conductors protected and disconnected	- (or +) earthed + (or -) conductor only protected and disconnected
			

#### Disconnection of one or two polarities in TN ?

IEC 60364 Electrical Installation Rules (Chapter 42) can be applied to protect and break only the polarity that is not earthed in TN, but both + & - conductors are "active" conductors, so we recommend disconnecting both polarities.

#### Positive or negative polarity earthed in TN ?

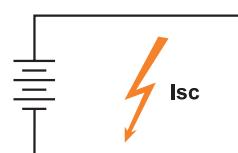
According to IEC 60479-1 upward current is twice as dangerous as downward current so for protection against electric shock it is recommended to earth the negative pole. (In some DC applications the positive polarity can be earthed for galvanic corrosion reason).

## Calculation of the short-circuit current (Isc) at the terminals of a battery

When a short-circuit occurs at its terminals, a battery discharges a current given by ohm's law:

$$I_{sc} = \frac{V_b}{R_i}$$

where  $V_b$  = the maximum discharge voltage (battery 100% charged)  
and  $R_i$  = the internal resistance equivalent to the sum of the cell resistances (figure generally given by the manufacturer in terms of Ampere-hour capacity of the battery).



$$R_i = 110 \times 0.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$I_{sc} = \frac{240}{66 \times 10^{-3}} = 4.4 \text{kA}$$

As the above calculation shows, the short-circuit current is relatively weak.

Note: If the internal resistance is not known, the following approximate formula can be used:

$I_{sc} = kC$ , where  $C$  is the capacity of the battery expressed in Ampere-hours, and  $k$  is a coefficient close to 10 but in any case always lower than 20.

# Technical information

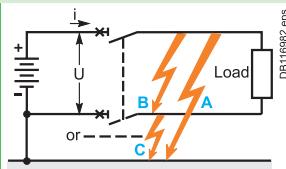
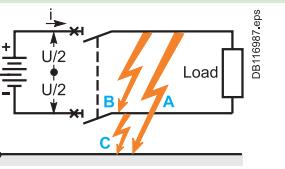
## Miniature circuit breakers

### for DC applications up to 240 V DC (cont.)

#### Circuit breaker selection

Selection of a circuit breaker depends essentially on the distribution-system parameters presented below which are used to determine the corresponding characteristics:

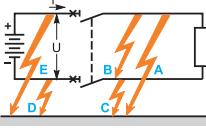
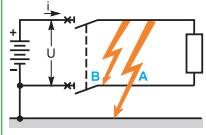
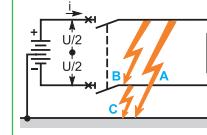
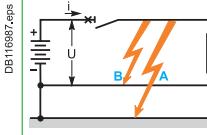
- Type of system - determines the type of product and the number of poles connected in series for each polarity.
- Rated voltage - determines the number of series poles taking part in current interruption.
- Nominal current - determines the rated current of the circuit breaker.
- Maximum short-circuit current at the point of installation - determines the breaking capacity.

Types of system		Earthing systems	Isolated systems
		The source has one earthed polarity <sup>(1)</sup>	The source has an earthed mid-point
Diagrams and various faults			
Fault analysis (neglecting resistance of earth electrodes)			
Fault A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U</math></li> <li>■ Only protected polarity concerned</li> <li>■ All poles of protected polarity must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U/2</math></li> <li>■ Only positive polarity concerned</li> <li>■ All poles of positive polarity must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U/2</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No consequences</li> <li>■ The fault must be indicated by an IMD (insulation-monitoring device) and cleared (standard IEC/EN 60364)</li> </ul>
Fault B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U</math></li> <li>■ If only one polarity (the positive here) is protected, all poles of protected polarity must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> <li>■ If both polarities are protected, to enable disconnection, all poles of the two polarities must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U</math></li> <li>■ Both polarities are concerned</li> <li>■ All poles of the two polarities must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U</math></li> <li>■ Both polarities are concerned</li> <li>■ All poles of the two polarities must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> </ul>
Fault C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ No consequences</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Same as fault A</li> <li>■ All poles of the</li> <li>■ Negative polarity must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U/2</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Same as fault A with the same obligations</li> </ul>
Double fault A and D or C and E	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Double fault not possible, system trips on first fault</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Double fault not possible, system trips on first fault</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Maximum <math>I_{sc}</math> at <math>U</math></li> <li>■ Only positive polarity (cases A and D) or negative polarity (C and E) concerned</li> <li>■ All poles of each polarity must have breaking capacity <math>\geq I_{sc} \text{ max. at } U</math></li> </ul>
Most unfavorable cases			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Fault A and fault B (if only one polarity is protected)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Fault B</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Double fault A and D or C and E</li> </ul>

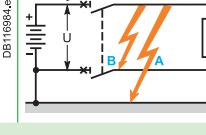
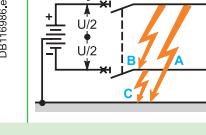
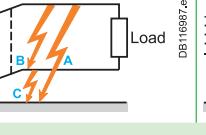
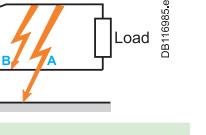
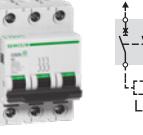
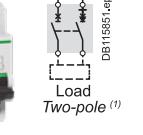
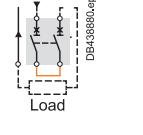
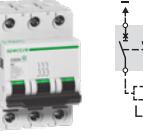
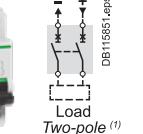
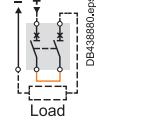
## Technical information

# Miniature circuit breakers for DC applications up to 240 V DC (cont.)

### A. circuit breaker selection for 24/48 V DC according to method of earthing

Ue = 24/48 V DC					
Method of earthing	IT	TN	Midpoint earthed (not distributed)	- (or +) earthed	
Breaking capacity	Rating				
Isc ≤ 10 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 DB116844eps	 DB116845eps	 DB116847eps	 DB116848eps
	C60N/H 2P	 Load		 Load	C60N/H 1P
Isc ≤ 20 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 Load		 Load	C60H 1P
	C60H 2P				

### B. circuit breaker selection for 110 V DC according to method of earthing

Ue = 110 V DC					
Method of earthing	IT	TN	Midpoint earthed (not distributed)	- (or +) earthed	
Breaking capacity	Rating				
Isc ≤ 20 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 DB116864eps	 DB116866eps	 DB116867eps	 DB116868eps
	C60N/H 4P	 Load	 Load	 Load Two-pole (t)	 Load
Isc ≤ 25 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 Load	 Load	 Load Two-pole (t)	 Load
	C60H 4P		C60H 3P	C60N/H 2P	C60H 2P

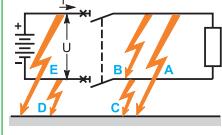
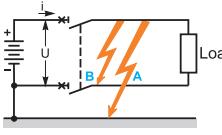
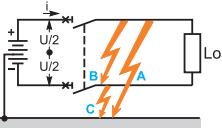
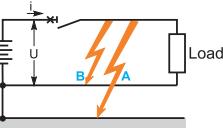
Note: This table is applicable for 125 V DC floating battery voltage.

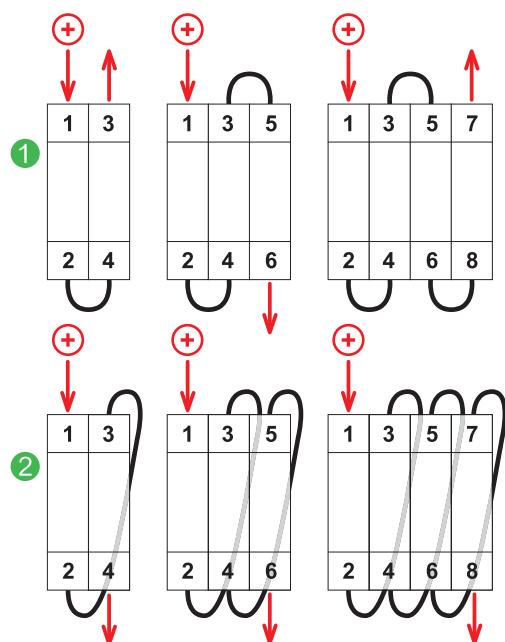
# Technical information

## Miniature circuit breakers

### for DC applications up to 240 V DC (cont.)

#### C. circuit breaker selection for 240 V DC according to method of earthing

Ue = 240 V DC					
Method of earthing		IT	TN	Midpoint earthed (not distributed)	- (or +) earthed
		Isolated from earth + and - conductors protected and disconnected	- (or +) earthed + and - conductors protected and disconnected	Midpoint earthed (not distributed) + and - conductors protected and disconnected	- (or +) earthed + (or -) conductor protected and disconnected
					
Breaking capacity	Rating				
Isc ≤ 10 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 C60N/H 4P (2x2P serie)	 C60N/H 4P (1P+3P serie)	 C60N/H 4P (2x2P serie)	 C60N/H 4P (4P serie)
Isc ≤ 15 kA	In ≤ 63 A	 C60H 4P (2x2P serie)	 C60H 4P (1P+3P serie)	 C60H 4P (2x2P serie)	 C60H 4P (4P serie)



#### Pole connection

##### Series connection

Series connection of the poles, by dividing the voltage per pole, optimizes the circuit breaking performance for high-voltage networks.

Series connection of the poles of a circuit breaker used in direct current therefore makes it possible to:

- Divide the network voltage by the number of poles
- Have the rated current for each pole
- Have the circuit breaker's breaking capacity for all the poles.

##### Direction of cabling and cable length

In the case of series connection, the direction of cabling has a major impact on the performance of the products.

Usually the first product cabling method ① will be used.

For special applications where there is only a single possible current direction, the second cabling method ② is preferable, especially for electrical endurance properties.

Subsequently the cable cross section and length combination should be optimized, depending on the loads. Generally, a greater length and cross section improves performance.

Rating (In)	Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Min. shunt length (mm)
≤ 63 A	≤16	500
	25	200
	35	100

Note: this table gives the minimum cable (shunt) lengths optimizing the equipment's performance according to the cable cross sections.

# Influence of ambient temperature

## Influence of temperature on the operation

Devices	Characteristics influenced by temperature	Temperature	
		Mini	Maxi
C60N, C60H	Tripping on overload	-30°C	+70°C
N60N RCBOs	Tripping on overload	-25°C	+60°C
RCCB-ID	Maximum operating current	-25°C	+40°C

Note: the temperature considered is the temperature viewed through the device.

## Circuit breakers

### High temperatures

- A rise in temperature decreases the tripping current of the thermal protection.
- Protection is still ensured: the tripping threshold remains lower than the current acceptable by the cable ( $I_z$ )
- To prevent nuisance tripping, it should be checked that this threshold remains higher than the maximum operating current ( $I_B$ ) of the circuit, defined by:
  - the rated load currents,
  - the coefficients of expansion and simultaneity of use.
 If the temperature is sufficiently high for the tripping threshold to become lower than the operating current  $I_B$ , switchboard ventilation should be provided for.

### Low temperatures

- A fall in temperature increases the tripping current of the thermal protection.
- There is no risk of nuisance tripping: the threshold remains higher than the maximum operating current of the circuit ( $I_B$ ) demanded by the loads.
- It should be checked that the cable remains suitably protected, i.e. that its acceptable current ( $I_z$ ) is higher than the values shown in the following tables (in amperes).

When the ambient temperature could vary within a broad range, both these aspects must be taken into account:

- the difference between the maximum operating current of the circuit ( $I_B$ ) and the tripping threshold of the circuit breaker for the minimum ambient temperature,
- the difference between the strength of the cable ( $I_z$ ) and the maximum tripping threshold of the circuit breaker for the maximum ambient temperature.

## Technical information

# Influence of ambient temperature (cont.)

### Maximum permissible current

- The maximum current allowed to flow through the device depends on the ambient temperature in which it is placed.
- The ambient temperature is the temperature inside the enclosure or switchboard in which the devices are installed.
- The reference temperature is in a halftone colour for the different devices.
- When several devices operating simultaneously are mounted side by side in a small enclosure, a temperature rise in the enclosure results in a reduction in the operating current. A reduction coefficient of 0.8 will then have to be assigned to the rating (already derated, if applicable, depending on the ambient temperature).
- Example:  
Depending on the ambient temperature and the method of installation, the table below shows how to determine, for a C60, the operating currents not to be exceeded for ratings 25 A, 32 A and 40 A (reference temperature 50°C).

Operating current not to be exceeded (A)							
Installation conditions (IEC 60947-2)		C60 alone			Several C60 in the same enclosure (calculate with the reduction coefficient indicated below)		
Type	Nominal rating (A)	35°C	50°C	65°C	35°C	50°C	65°C
		Actual rating (A)					
C60	25	26.7	25	23.2	26.7 x 0.8 = 21.4	25 x 0.8 = 20	23.2 x 0.8 = 18.6
	32	34	32	29.9	34 x 0.8 = 27	32 x 0.8 = 25.6	29.9 x 0.8 = 24
	40	42.9	40	36.9	42.9 x 0.8 = 34.3	40 x 0.8 = 32	36.9 x 0.8 = 29.5

### C60N, C60H derating table

C60N, C60H	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
2A	2.55	2.59	2.56	2.52	2.49	2.45	2.41	2.37	2.34	2.3	2.26	2.22	2.17	2.13	2.09	2.04	2	1.95	1.91	1.88	1.84
4A	4.9	4.86	4.81	4.76	4.7	4.65	4.59	4.54	4.48	4.42	4.37	4.31	4.25	4.19	4.13	4.06	4	3.94	3.87	3.81	3.74
6A	7.93	7.82	7.71	7.6	7.49	7.38	7.27	7.15	7.03	6.91	6.79	6.66	6.54	6.41	6.27	6.14	6	5.86	5.71	5.56	5.42
10A	13.3	13.2	13	12.8	12.6	12.4	12.2	12	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.7	10.5	10.2	10	9.8	9.5	9.2	9
16A	20	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.1	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.1	17.9	17.6	17.3	17.1	16.8	16.6	16.3	16	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.8
20A	26.9	26.6	26.2	25.8	25.4	25	24.6	24.2	23.7	23.3	22.9	22.4	22	21.5	21	20.5	20	19.5	18.9	18.4	17.9
25A	32.9	23.5	32.1	31.6	31.1	30.7	30.2	29.7	29.2	28.7	28.2	27.7	27.2	26.7	26.1	25.6	25	24.4	23.8	23.2	22.6
32A	41.5	41.1	40.5	40	39.4	38.9	38.3	37.7	37.1	36.5	35.9	35.3	34.7	34	33.4	32.7	32	31.3	30.6	29.9	29.1
40A	53.7	52.9	52.2	51.4	50.6	49.8	49	48.2	47.3	46.5	45.6	44.7	43.8	42.9	42	41	40	39	37.9	36.9	35.8
50A	65	64.3	63.5	62.6	61.7	60.8	59.9	59	58.1	57.1	56.2	55.2	54.2	53.2	52.1	51.1	50	48.9	47.8	46.7	45.5
63A	85.5	84.6	83.3	82	80.7	79.4	78	76.7	75.3	73.9	72.4	70.9	69.4	67.9	66.3	64.7	63	61.3	59.5	57.8	56



## AuthentiTag



Stable color changes under reflected light angle



Altech Electric repeating mini text, recognizable with unarmed eyes

Micro graphics Altech Electric text unrecognizable with unarmed eyes

Animated lines by changing the light angle



Unique serial number



Three-dimensional light change effect on Iran's map

One-dimensional grating with rainbow view field



Previous design



New design

All Schneider Electric and Spectre products are valid with the two above hologram designs



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